

Constraining the $f(R,T) = R+2\lambda T$ cosmological model using recent observational data*		
Authors	N. Myrzakulov, M. Koussour, Alnadhief H. A. Alfedeel and E. I. Hassan	
Publication Year	2023	https://doi.org/10.1088/1674-1137/acf2fa
Grant Number	IMSIU-RG23008	
<p>Abstract: This paper examines the cosmological model $f(R, T) = R + 2\lambda T$, where λ is a free parameter, using Hubble and Pantheon datasets. The study employs a parametric form for the effective equation of state (EoS) to analyze its evolution with redshift and across cosmic epochs. Findings reveal an accelerating Universe with a deceleration parameter $q_0 = -0.64^{+0.03}_{-0.03}$ and a transition redshift $Z_0 = 0.53^{+0.04}_{-0.03}$. The model effectively generates the negative pressure needed for cosmic expansion and demonstrates stability, suggesting its potential for further exploration in cosmology.</p>		